



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

AUSTRALIA.

Sydney—Examination of rodents for plague infection.

The following information is taken from the plague bulletin issued by the department of public health of New South Wales, October 18: Week ended October 16. Rodents destroyed 1,157, examined 37, found infected 0.

Last case of human plague: Reported May 29, 1909.

Last case of rodent plague: Found June 15, 1909.

CHINA.

Amoy—Inspection of vessels—Cholera and plague.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Foster reports, November 4:

Week ended October 30. Bills of health issued: October 25, the British steamship *Kaifong* with 59 in crew and 39 cabin passengers for Manila, Iloilo, and Cebu, granted a supplemental bill of health. One passenger rejected for trachoma. Vessel anchored in the stream while in port. All on board inspected at time of sailing. Manifests viséed for 126 pieces of freight. October 27, the British steamship *Taisang* with 64 in crew and 42 cabin and 165 steerage passengers for Manila granted an original bill of health. Two passengers rejected for favus. Crew and steerage passengers bathed and their clothing disinfected by steam. All on board inspected at time of sailing. Vessel anchored in the stream while in port. Manifests viséed for 2,320 packages of freight.

During the week ended October 30 there were reported 40 deaths from plague and 30 from cholera in Amoy.

Hongkong—Examination of emigrants.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Hough reports, November 4 and 9: Weeks ended October 30 and November 6. Quarantine restrictions enforced by and against Hongkong remain as reported October 23.

Aliens for Honolulu and Pacific coast ports.—Week ended October 30. Examined 81, rejected 8. Week ended November 6. Examined 30, rejected 4.

Aliens for Philippine Islands.—Week ended October 30. Examined 17, rejected 2. Week ended November 6. Examined 19, rejected 4.

INSPECTION AND DISINFECTION OF VESSELS.

Week ended October 30.

Vessels granted bills of health.....	9
Total members of crews.....	959
Total cabin passengers.....	270